

complete balance 
$$\frac{1}{2\mathscr{K}_{3D}}\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathscr{K}_{3D} = \mathscr{R}_{3D} + \mathscr{S}h_{3D} + \mathscr{A} - \mathscr{H}_{3D} - \mathscr{D}_{3D},$$

Osborn-Cox models

Osborn (1980) balance  $\mathcal{R}_{3D} = \mathcal{H}_{3D} + \mathcal{D}_{3D}$ .

## Osborn[I+Cox] in DIMES

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