## Hazardous chemicals in marine plastics and their threat to marine organisms



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### Topics

- Hazardous chemicals in marine plastics
  - Chemicals adsorbed from seawater
  - Additive chemicals
- Transfer of the chemicals from ingested plastics to internal tissue of biota
  - Experimental evidences
  - Mechanism
- Significance of the plastics as exposure media : Field observations
- Effects of the plastic-mediated chemical exposure

### **Major Conclusion**

Plastic-mediated chemical exposure does occur and its significance depends on locations, background pollution, chemicals, species of biota, especially trophic levels.

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### Plastics carry two types of chemicals in marine environment



#### International Pellet Watch demonstrates sorption of POPs to



\*sum of concentrations of CB#66, 101, 110, 149, 118, 105, 153, 138, 128, 187, 180, 170, 206

Slow desorption and fast transport may cause sporadic high concentration of PCBs in plastic from open ocean





### Sporadic high concentrations of PCBs found in pellets from remote areas : Microplastics carry contaminants to remote areas



### Plastics carry two types of chemicals in marine environment



#### Buoyant microplastics from Japan coasts and pacific ocean



## BDE209 was sporadically detected in suspended microplastics in seawater



Additives (e.g., UV-326, UV-327, UV-328, BP-12, BDE209) are **sporadically** detected in plastics in seabirds' stomach

Tanaka, K., van Franeker,





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### Hydrophobic and large molecule additive such as BDE209 is difficult to leach from plastic to water.



Sun, B., Hu, Y., Cheng, H., and Tao, S., 2019. Releases of brominated flame retardants (BFRs) from microplastics in aqueous medium: Kinetics and molecular-size dependence of diffusion. Water Research 151, 215-225.

#### Stomach oil and fish oil accelerated the leaching of BDE209

### Facilitated Leaching of Additive-Derived PBDEs from Plastic by Seabirds' Stomach Oil and Accumulation in Tissues



This suggests that **fatty components** in digestive tract facilitates leaching of hydrophobic additives.

## Oily components in digestive fluid facilitate leaching of hydrophobic additives and their accumulation in adipose and liver



Tanaka, K., Yamashita, R., and Takada, H., *Transfer of hazardous chemicals from ingested plastics to higher-trophic level organisms,* in *Hazardous chemicals associated with plastics in environment,* H. Takada and H.K. Karapanagioti, Editor. 2018, Springer Berlin Heidelberg: p. 267–280.

### Plastics compounded with 5 additives

Polyethylene pellets with 5 additives



Concentration of each chemical was 0.4 % by weight in polymer.

Tanaka, K. et al., 2019, Current Biology (under revision)

Field Feeding Experiment of additive-compounded plastic to chicks of streaked shearwater



### Results\_abdominal adipose (16 day)



## Composition of BDE congeners in seabird adipose, plastics in the stomachs, and their prey.







Lower brominated congeners were derived from natural prey, whereas higher brominated congeners were derived from ingested plastics.

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  Lower trophic level organisms
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### Exposure of contaminants both from plastics and prey



### Summary 1. Plastic contribution to PCBs depends on locations and trophic levels

Location	Animal	Species	Compounds	Significance	
		Great			{Ryan, 1988
Gough Island	Seabird	Shearwater	PCBs	Yes	#68}
		Short-tailed			{Yamashita,
Bering Sea	Seabird	Shearwater	PCBs (LCC)	Yes	2011 #453}
		Short-tailed			{Yamashita,
Bering Sea	Seabird	Shearwater	PCBs (HCC)	No	2011 #453}
Coastal		Northern	PCBs, DDTs,		{Herzke, 2016
Norway	Seabirds	Fulmars	PBDEs (LBC)	No	#654}
		olive ridley,			
		loggerhead			
		turtles, blue	PCBs, DDTs,		{Clukey, 2018
Pacific	Seaturtle	turtle	PBDEs	No	#719}
South Atlantic					{Rochman,
Ocean	pelagic fish	lantern fish	PCBs, DDTs	No	2014 #718}
North Pacific					{Gassel, 2019
Ocean	pelagic fish	lantern fish	PCBs (HCC))	No	#722}
North Pacific					{Gassel, 2019
Ocean	pelagic fish	lantern fish	PCBs (LCC)	Yes	#722}
Remote					Mizukawa et al.,
island, Japan	bivalves	clam	PCBs	Yes	2019
Remote					Mizukawa et al.,
island, Japan	Crustacea	coenobita	PCBs	Yes	2019

### Summary 2. Plastic contribution to BDE209, phthalates, Benzotriazole UV-stabilizers is significant in most cases.

Location	Animal	Species	Compounds	Significance	
		Short-tailed			{Tanaka, 2015
Bering Sea	Seabirds	Shearwater	BDE209	Yes	#612}
South Atlantic					Rochman, 2014
Ocean	pelagic fish	lantern fish	BDE209	Yes	#718}
		short-tailed			
		Shearwater/wed			
Coastal		ged-tailed	Phthalates		{Hardesty, 2015
Australia	Seabirds	shearwater	(DEHP)	Yes	#643}
		Black footed			
		albatross,	UV-stabilizer		
		Laysan	(UV-326, UV-		{Tanaka, 2019
Hawaii	Seabirds	albatross	328)	Yes	#715}
		Cetorhinus			
Mediterranean	basking shark	maximus	MEHP	Yes	{Fossi, 2014 #610}
Remote island,					Mizukawa et al.,
Japan	Crustacea	coenobita	PBDEs	Yes	2019
		Northern			{Herzke, 2016
<b>Coastal Norway</b>	Seabirds	Fulmars	BDE209	Yes	#654}
		olive ridley,			
		loggerhead			
		turtles, blue			{Clukey, 2018
Pacific	Seaturtle	turtle	<b>BDE209</b>	No	#719}

### remote island in Okinawa

### Control beach

T

\$2 3

2-

### remote island in Okinawa

### Plastic contaminated beach

### Microplastics in digestive tract of Hermit Crab



0 – 13 pieces/g-wet 293 - 482 pieces/g-wet Control Plastic beach contaminated

### beach







Images and FTIR spectrum of microplastics found in stomach of Hermit Crab

# PBDEs (Additives : Brominated flame retardants) in hepatopancreas of Hermit Crab



### BDE209 was transferred to internal metabolic system and debrominated



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### Flesh-footed shearwater from Southern pacific



#### Environ. Sci. Technol. XXXX, XXX, XXX–XXX

### Clinical Pathology of Plastic Ingestion in Marine Birds and Relationships with Blood Chemistry

Jennifer L. Lavers,\*<sup>,†</sup><sup>©</sup> Ian Hutton,<sup>‡</sup> and Alexander L. Bond<sup>†,§</sup><sup>©</sup>



### Conclusions

- Both sorption- and additive-derived chemicals were retained in microplastics (PCBs, BDE209; 0.3 mm – 5mm).
- Sporadic occurrence of microplastics with high concentrations of additives and sorbed chemicals were observed. Their exposure to remote ecosystem was suggested.
- 3. Transfer of hydrophobic additives to internal tissue of marine organisms was confirmed and it is facilitated by oily components in digestive fluid.
- 4. Plastic-mediated chemical exposure does occur and its significance depends on locations, background pollution, chemicals, species of biota, especially trophic levels.

#### Microplastic pollution : Acceleration of exposure of additives to human



#### Human Reproduction Update, Vol.23, No.6 pp. 646-659, 2017

Advanced Access publication on July 25, 2017 doi:10.1093/humupd/dmx022



### Temporal trends in sperm count: a systematic review and meta-regression analysis

Hagai Levine <sup>[]</sup>,<sup>2,\*</sup>, Niels Jørgensen <sup>[]</sup>, Anderson Martino-Andrade<sup>2,4</sup>, Jaime Mendiola<sup>5</sup>, Dan Weksler-Derri<sup>6</sup>, Irina Mindlis<sup>2</sup>, Rachel Pinotti<sup>7</sup>, and Shanna H. Swan<sup>2</sup>





#### **Direction of future efforts**

Methodology to detect insidious biological effects on the field and by epidemiological survey

Endocrine disruption of variety of additives

Fate of additives

Leaching from µm-size plastics transfer to lower trophic level organisms, biomaginification More field observations

Nano-size plastics

Measurement biological effects

Yo-yo-effects of microplastics and legacy pollution

Acknowledgement